Proprietor
Hiren D. Shah

DINESH R. SHAH & CO.

Chartered Accountants 305/306, Tapas Elegance, L Colony Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad – 380 015 (INDIA)

> Phone: 079-40050908 Email: hirenindia24@gmai.com

Independent Auditors Report on the Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements

To,

The Board of Directors

Mamata Machinery Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Special purpose Consolidated Financial Statements Opinion

We have audited the Special purpose consolidated financial statements of Mamata Machinery Private Limited ("the Company"), and its subsidiary company Mamata Enterprises, Inc (the Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2021 and the statement of Profit and Loss, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "special purpose financial statements") which has been prepared by the management in accordance with the basis of preparation specified in Note 2 to the special purpose financial statements.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid special purpose consolidated financial statements are prepared in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis of preparation as specified in Note 2 to these special purpose consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the special purpose consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Management for Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying special purpose consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for preparation as specified in Note 2 for the special purpose consolidated financial statements. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of these special purpose

ACCOUNTANTS



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consolidated financial statements that are in all respects in accordance with the basis of preparation specified in aforementioned Note 2 and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the special purpose financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistical ternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the special purpose consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the special purpose consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances on whether the company has adequate internal financial
 controls with reference to the special purpose consolidated financial statements in place and the
 operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, were required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the special purpose consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the special purpose consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the special purpose financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

CHARTERED

Proprietor Hiren D. Shah

DINESH R. SHAH & CO.

Chartered Accountants 305/306, Tapas Elegance, L Colony Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad – 380 015 (INDIA)

Phone: 079-40050908 Email: hirenindia24@gmai.com

We communicate with the management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Restriction on distribution or use

This report is intended solely for the information of the Company's board of directors for the necessary compliances to be done by the company in India as per the requirements of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and accordingly, should not be used, referred to or distributed for any other purpose or to any other party without our prior written consent except to the regulatory authorities and auditors of company for the above mentioned purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company, the Company's board of directors, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

SH

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

For Dinesh R Shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.102610W

Hiren D. Shah

Proprietor

Membership No.047928

13 03 2024 hmedabad Date:

Place: Ahmedabad

UDIN: 240479 28 BKD GAT 7523

Balance Sheet (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

		(Rs. in i	million, exce	ept otherwise stated)
Sr. No.	Particulars		Notes	As at 31 March 2021
I	Equity And Liabilities			
(1)	Shareholders' Funds			
	(a) Share Capital		3	29.72
	(b) Reserves and Surplus		4	491.17
		Fotal Rs.		520.89
(2)	Non-Current Liabilities			
	(a) Long Term Borrowings		5	54.19
		Γotal Rs.		54.19
(3)	Current Liabilities			
	(a) Short Term Borrowings		6	73.94
	(b) Trade Payables		7	
	(A) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			64.41
	(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and	l small		
	enterprises			290.99
	(c) Other Current Liabilities		8	308.31
	(d) Short Term Provisions		9	61.18
		Γotal Rs.		798.83
	TOTAL			1,373.91
П	Assets			
(1)	Non-Current Assets			
	(a) Property, Plant & Equipments and Intangible Assets		10	
	(i) Property, Plant & Equipments			307.06
	(ii) Intangible Assets			0.26
	(c)Non - Current Investments		11	70.34
	(d) Long Term Loans And Advances		12	5.74
	(C) Deferred Tax Assets (Net)		13	1.99
	n	Total Rs.		385.38
(2)	Current Assets		-	
	(a) Inventories		14	536.33
	(b) Trade Receivables		15	231.39
	(c) Cash And Bank Balances		16	116.52
	(d) Short - Term Loans And Advances		17	104.30
	Total Rs.			988.53
	TOTAL			1,373.91

As per our report on even date

For Dinesh R. Shah & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 102610W

Notes to Financials Statements and Significant Accounting Policies

R. SH

CHARTERED **ACCOUNTANTS**

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of board of directors of Mamata Machinery Pvt Ltd

1-33

Proprietor: Hiren D Shah

Chartered Accountant Membership No: 047928

UDIN: 24047928BKDGAT7523

Place: Ahmedabaal

Date: 13/03/24

Mahendra N. Patel Managing Director

DIN: 00104997

Place: Ahmedated Date: 13/03/24

Chandrakant B. Patel Jt. Managing Director DIN: 00380810

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 13 | 03 | 24



Profit And Loss Account (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

	,	(Rs. in million, excep	t otherwise stated)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2021
	Income		1 405 48
I	Revenue from Operations (Net)	18	1,495.48 2.14
П	Other Income	19	1,497.62
Ш	Total Revenue (1 + II)		1,497.02
IV	Expenses	20	731.50
	Cost of Raw Material And Components Consumed	20	(48.05)
	(Increase) / Decrease In Inventories	21	311.53
	Employee Benefit Expense	22	274.55
	Other Expenses	23	1,269.52
	Total Expenses		1,209.32
v	Earning Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) (III) - (IV)		228.10
VI	Depreciation And Amortization Expenses	24	30.10
VII	Finance Expenses	25	13.63
VIII	Profit Before Extra ordinary items (V - VI - VII)		184.37
IX	Add.: Gain on sale of Land		5.33
X	Profit Before Tax (VIII - IX)		189.70
XI	Tax Expense		
	Tax Expenses for Current year		54.00
	Earlier Year Tax adjustement		0.31
	Deferred Tax Expenses / (Income)		1.50
	Total		55.81
XII	Net Profit / (Loss) Carried Forward to Balance Sheet		133.77
Farnings	per equity share:- basic & diluted (Rs.)	26	450.10
	thue of Rs. 100/- Each)		
Notes to	Financials Statements and Significant Accounting Policies	1-33	X
As per o	ur report on even date		
	esh R. Shah & Co.	For and on behalf of board of directors of	
	gistration Number : 102610W	Mamata Machinery Private Limited	

Chartered Accountants

Proprietor : Hiren D Shah

Chartered Accountants

Membership No: 047928

CHARTERED

UDIN: 2404 79288666 Place: Ahmedabad Date: 13103124

Mahendra N. Patel

Managing Director

DIN: 00104997

Place: Date:

Jt. Managing Director

Chandrakant B. Patel

DIN: 00380810

Place: Date:

inery p

Ahmedabad

Cash Flow Statement (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

(Rs. in million, except otherwise stated)

	(Z.S. II IIII III, C.	cept otherwise stated) As at
Particulars		31 March 2021
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Profit before Taxation		184.37
Adjustments for:		
Interest Expenses		13.63
Exceptional item		5.33
Interest Received		(3.62)
Depreciation		30.10
Operating Profit before working capital changes		229,81
(Increase)/Decrease in Loans and Advances		17.87
Increase/(Decrease) in Short Term Borrowings		(36.20)
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables		(74.82)
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Current Liability		65.24
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories		(56.19)
(Increase)/Decrease in Sundry Debtors		33.92
Cash Genreated from Operations		179.63
Income Taxes paid		(54.31)
	Net Cash from Operating Activities	125.32
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Addition To Fixed Assets		(14.77)
Disposal/Adjustment of Fixed Assets		6.81
Delection/(Addition) of Investment		(70.08)
Interest on Bank F. D.		3.62
	Net Cash from Investing Activities	(74.42)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Unsecured Loans (Repayment)/Received		2.12
Change in Equity		1.20
Increase in Security Premium		10.80
Interest Paid		(13.63)
Dividend Paid		(1.43)
	Net Cash from Financing Activities	(0.93)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		49.97
Translation Gain/Loss		11.91
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the period		54.64
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the period		116.52
Notes to the Cash Flow Statement:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Cash on Hand		0.44
Balance in Current Account		43.73
Bank Fixed deposit		72.35
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the period		116.52

Notes to Financials Statements and Significant Accounting Policies

CHARTERED

ACCOUNTANT

As per our report on even date

For Dinesh R. Shah & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 102610W

Chartered Accountants

Proprietor: Hiren D Shah Chartered Accountants Membership No: 047928

UDIN: 24047928 BEDGAT7523

Date: 13/03/24 1-33

For and on behalf of board of directors of Mamata Machinery Private Limited

Mahendra N. Patel

Managing Director DIN: 00104997

Chandrakant B. Patel Jt. Managing Director DIN: 00380810

Place:

Date:

nery

Ahmedabad

Place: Date:

(Rs. in million, except otherwise stated)

Sr. No.	Particular		As at 31 March 2021
3	Share Capital		
	Authorised Shares		
	8,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 100/- each		80.00
	Issued, Subscribed And Fully Paid Up Shares		
	2,97,206 equity shares of Rs. 100/- each		29.72
	San Province Communities	Total Rs.	29.72

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

72 7 27	As at 31 March 2021			
he beginning of the period	Nos.	Rs.		
At the beginning of the period	285,206	28.52		
Issued during the year-Right Issue	12,000	1.20		
Outstanding at the end of the period	297,206	29.72		

(b) Rights and restrictions attached to shares:

Equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 100/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the shareholder	As at 31 March 2021			
	Nos.	% of holding		
Equity shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid				
Mamata Group Corporate Services LLP	82,802	27.86%		
Mamata Management Service LLP	61,318	20.63%		
Mr. Mahendra N. Patel	66,183	22.27%		
Mrs. Bhagwatiben C. Patel	42,450	14.28%		
Mrs. Nayana M. Patel	26,500	8.92%		

(d) Shareholding of Promoters

Promoter name	As at 31 March 2021				
×	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year		
Mr. Mahendra N Patel	66,183	22.27%	-0.06%		
Mr. Chandrakant B Patel	6,953	2.34%	0.17%		
Mrs. Nayana M Patel	26,500	8.92%	0.68%		
Mrs. Bhagwati C Patel	42,450	14.28%	1.24%		
Mamata Group Corporate Services LLP	82,802	27.86%	-1.00%		
Mamata Management Services LLP	61,318	20.63%	-0.87%		
TOTAL	286,206	96,30%	0,16%		

	Reserves And Surplus	As at
4	CONTRACTOR	31 March 2021
	Securities Premium Account	15.00
	Balance As Per The Last Financial Statements	15.00
	Addition / Deletion During The Year	10.80
	Closing Balance	25.80
	Capital Reservce	
	Balance As Per The Last Financial Statements	5.00
	Addition / Deletion During The Year	
	Closing Balance	5.00
	General Reserve	
	Balance As Per The Last Financial Statements	0.74
	Add: Amount Transferred From Surplus Balance In Profit and Loss Account	
	Closing Balance	0,74
	Surplus in the statement of Profit And Loss Account	
	Balance As Per Last Financial Statements	342.06
	Add.: Profit / (Loss) For The Year	133.89
	Less: Appropriation - Dividend to Equity Shares (Gross)	1,43
	Net Surplus In The Statement Of Profit And Loss	474.52
	Land Familia Common Tomologica fund	(14.90)
	Less: Foreign Currency Translation fund	(11.70)
	Total Rs.	491.17





(Rs. in million, except otherwise stated)

Particular			As at
			31 March 2021
Long Term Borrowings			
Secured			
Hire Purchase Contracts for Vehicles			18.41
Working Capital Demand Loan (GECL Loan)	w		17.65
Loan from Wells Fargo Auto (Tesla car loan)			3.45
Unsecured:			
Loan from Related Party			14.69
		Total Rs.	54.19
	Long Term Borrowings Secured Hire Purchase Contracts for Vehicles Working Capital Demand Loan (GECL Loan) Loan from Wells Fargo Auto (Tesla car loan)	Long Term Borrowings Secured Hire Purchase Contracts for Vehicles Working Capital Demand Loan (GECL Loan) Loan from Wells Fargo Auto (Tesla car loan) Unsecured:	Particular Long Term Borrowings Secured Hire Purchase Contracts for Vehicles Working Capital Demand Loan (GECL Loan) Loan from Wells Fargo Auto (Tesla car loan) Unsecured: Loan from Related Party

** (Secured by way of first charge on movable and immovable properties of the Company & personal guarantees of the Managing Director and Jt. Managing Director of the Company)

Note :-

(i) Car loan from HDFC Bank Ltd (BMW -7401)

Secured car loan of Rs. 14.06 Million sanctioned on 23rd December, 2019 at fixed rate of interest of 8.40% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of purchase of said vehicle/car. The car loan is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited and secured against hypothecation of car.

(ii) Car loan from HDFC Bank Ltd (Honda Citi)

Secured car loan of Rs. 1.23 Million sanctioned on 24th November, 2018 at fixed rate of interest of 9.10% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of purchase of said vehicle/car. The car loan is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited and secured against hypothecation of car.

(iii) Car loan from HDFC Bank Ltd (Mini- Cooper)

Secured car loan of Rs. 4.44 Million sanctioned on 21th November, 2018 at fixed rate of interest of 8.85% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of purchase of said vehicle/car. The car loan is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited and secured against hypothecation of car.

(iv) Car loan from HDFC Bank Ltd (Innova)

Secured car loan of Rs. 2.43 Million sanctioned on 13th December, 2017 at fixed rate of interest of 8.26% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of purchase of said vehicle/car. The car loan is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited and secured against hypothecation of

(v) Car loan from HDFC Bank Ltd (Honda-8020)

Secured car loan of Rs.1.42 Million sanctioned on 18th October, 2016 at fixed rate of interest of 9.39% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of purchase of said vehicle/car. The car loan is taken in the name of Mannata Machinery Private Limited and secured against hypothecation of car.

(vi) Car loan from HDFC Bank Ltd (Honda-1090)

Secured car loan of Rs. 1.42 Million sanctioned on 18th October, 2016 at fixed rate of interest of 9,39% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of purchase of said vehicle/car. The car loan is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited and secured against hypothecation of car.

(vii) Car loan from HDFC Bank Ltd (Pajero)

Secured car loan of Rs. 2.86 Million sanctioned on 07th May, 2015 at fixed rate of interest of 10.01% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of purchase of said vehicle/car. The car loan is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited and secured against hypothecation of car.

(viii) Working Capital loan from State Bank of India (GECL- 39538929534)

Guranteed Emergency Credit Line loan limit of Rs. 24.25 Million sanctioned on 01 July,2020 at fixed rate of interest of 7.40% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly installments commencing from the month following the month of loan taken. The GECL loan is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited. This loan is given for payment of salaries/wages to the employees during COVID situation. The Loan is repayable in 4 years monthly installments commencing after 12 months from the date of dishursement.

(ix) Car loan from Wells Fargo Auto (Tesla car loan)

Secured car loan of USD 1,00,000/- sanctioned on 7th December,2019 at fixed rate of interest of 3,99% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of purchase of said vehicle/car. The car loan is taken in the name of Mamata Enterprises INC and secured against hypothecation of car.

(x) Unsecured loan from Related Party

Unsecured loan of USD 200,000/- received at fixed rate of interest of 10% p.a from Sharvil Patel.





Notes to financial statements (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

Short Term Borrowings

Secured:	
Cash Credit	11.99
Export Packing Credit Limit	7.48
Hire Purchase Contracts for Vehicles	6.30
Working Capital Demand Loan (GECL Loan)	6.75
Loan from Wells Fargo Auto (Tesla car loan)	1.45
Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loan - Loan from First Secure Community Bank	28.96
Cash Credit SBA Loan	11.02
Chair Credit abit boni	Total - Rs. 73.94

Working Capital loan from State Bank of India (GECL- 39538929534)

Guranteed Emergency Credit Line loan limit of Rs. 24.25 Million sanctioned on 01 July,2020 at fixed rate of interest of 7.40% p.a. The Loan is repayable in monthly instalments commencing from the month following the month of loan taken. The GECL loan is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited. This loan is given for payment of salaries/wages to the employees during COVID situation. The Loan is repayable in 4 years monthly instalments commencing after 12 months from the date of disbursement

(ii) State Bank of India CC A/c

Cash credit facility of Rs. 12,90,00,000/- (Include SBI SME EPC Cash credit limit of Rs. 10,00,00,000/-) is secured by all current assets (including stock, raw material, goods, book debts and vehicles and all other movable assets of the borrower), present and future wherever lying, stored and kept and whether in possession of the Borrower or of the bank of any third party whether in india pr elsewhere... The Cash Credit facility is taken in the name of Mamata Machinery Private Limited. The Loan is repayable on demand.

(iii) Loan from First Secure Community Bank (Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loan

Loan disbrused by First Secure Community Bank of USD 165,915/- sanctioned on 27th April 2020 and another loan of USD 228,415/- sanctioned on 26th Feb 2021 under Paycheck Protection Program to accommodate business units for the payment of salaries/wages to the employees during COVID situation and these loans were waived off by Small Business Administration (SBA).

(iv) Cash Credit SBA Loan

Loan disbrused by First Secure Community Bank of USD 1,50,000/- sanctioned on 26th May at fixed rate of interest of 3.75% p.a. The Loan is repayable in 30 years monthly instalments commencing after 12 months from the date of disbursement. The loan is secured against all tangible and intangible properties of the Group.

Trade Payables

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro

64.41

61,18

290.99 355.40

Trade	payables	ageing	schedule

	ageing schedu	Not due for payment	Outstand	ing for following per	riods from due date	of payment	Total
Particulars	Year		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME	31/03/2021	<u> </u>	64.41	(*)	-		64.41
(ii) Others	31/03/2021	-	283.29	2.85	0.96	2.51	289.60
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME	31/03/2021	-	-		2	45	
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	31/03/2021	1 - 1 - 2	<u> </u>			1.39	1.39
Total Trade Payables	31/03/2021		347.69	2.85	0.96	3.90	355.40

Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the Auditors.

8 Other Current Liabilities

Advanced From Customers		282.20
TDS Payable		3.67
Other Payable	*	19.38
Corporate credit card payable		2.98
Expenses payable		0.09
Expenses payable	Total - Rs.	308.31

	1
	9,22
Provision for Leave Eancashment	5.72
Provision for Bonus	3,50
Provision for Employee Benefits	200
Chart Term Trovisions	

	9.22
Other Provisions	
Provision for Taxation (Net of Advance Income	9.45
Tax)	**************************************
Provision for Expenses	42.48
Provision for Audit fees	0.04
	51,96

Total - Rs.

Total - Rs.





MAMATA MACHINERY PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes forming part of the Financial Statements (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

10 Property, Plant and Equipment

		Gross R	Gross Block at Cost		A	ccumulated Der	Accumulated Depreciation/Amortisation	ion	Net Block	Net Block
raruculars	As at 01 April 2020	Addit	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31 March 2021	As at 01 April 2020	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2021	2021 As at 01 April 2020
Tangible Assets Land	70.57	1	3.17	67.41	1			ı	67.41	70.57
Plant & Machinery	58.32	0.20	j	58.52	47.91	2.28	ï	50.19	8.33	10.41
Computer System	17.01	2.40	*	19.41	11.57	3.61	ŕ	15.18	4.24	5,44
Buildings	255.51	į	4.96	250.56	57.64	10.57	131	06.99	183.66	197.87
Office Equpments	19.38	0.17		19.55	17.59	0.42	1	18.01	1.54	1.79
Furniture and Fixtures	28.40	1.97		30.38	20.60	1.97		22.57	7.81	7.80
Vehicle	65.74	10.02	я	75.76	30.62	11.07	9	41.69	34.07	35.12
Total - Rs.	514.94	14.77	8.12	521.59	185.93	29.92	1.31	214.53	307.06	329.01
Intangible Asset	6.12	•	t	6.12	5.68	0.18		5.86	0.26	0.44
Total - Rs.	ic	14.77	8.12	527.71	191.61	30.10	1.31	220.40	307.31	529.45





MAMATA MACHINERY PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to financial statements (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

Sr. No.	Particular								cept otherwise states
11	Non-current Investments								31 March 20
	(valued at cost unless stated otherwise)								
	Bank of Baroda (Share listed on Stock Exchang)								0.2
	In Mutual Fund								70.0
								Total - Rs.	70.0
12	Other non current assets								70.5
12	(Unsecured, considered good)								
	Security Deposit								0,7
	Capital Advances								0.7
	Unsecured, considered good								5.0
								Total - Rs.	5.7
13	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)								
	Deferred Tax Liability								
	Fixed Asset : Impact of difference between tax								
	depreciation and depreciation /amortisation charged for the financial reporting								11.3
	Gross Deferred Tax Liability (a)								
	7 7 7 9.								11,3
	Deferred Tax Asset Provision for Bonus								
	Provision for Leave Encashment								12.3
	Gross Deferred Tax Asset (b)	8							0.9
									13,3
	Net Deferred Tax Asset (b - a)							Total - Rs.	1.9
4	Inventories :								
LH	(Valued at lower of - Cost and net realizable value)								
	Raw Material And Components								118,5
	Stock in trade								85.2
	Consumable Store (Pattern, Dies & Tools)								1.5
	Finished-Goods Work-in-Progress								187.1
	·							Total - Rs.	143,8 536,3
									550,5
5	Trade Receivables (Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable								
15	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables							Total - Rs.	9,8(221,59 231,39
15	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables	V	I No to Go					Ħ	221.59
5	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable	Year	Not due for payment	Outsta Less than 6	nding for following			payment	221.59
5	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS			Less than 6 months	nding for following 6 months - 1 year	periods from 1-2 years	due date of 2-3 years	Ħ	221.5
5	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	Year 31/03/2021		Less than 6				payment	221.5 231.3 Total
5	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered	31/03/2021		Less than 6 months · 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4,30	1-2 years	2-3 years	payment More than 3 years	221.5 231.3 Total
15	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful			Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	payment More than 3 years	221.59 231.39 Total
15	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered	31/03/2021		Less than 6 months · 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4,30	1-2 years	2-3 years	payment More than 3 years	221,56 231,39 Total
5	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021	payment -	Less than 6 months · 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30	1-2 years 1.02	2-3 years	payment More than 3 years	221.5 231.3 Total
15	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivables Other Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	31/03/2021	payment -	Less than 6 months · 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4,30	1-2 years 1.02	2-3 years	payment More than 3 years	221.5(231.3) Total
15	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A)	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 - - - 4.30	1.02 -	2-3 years 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221,59 231,39 Total
15	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B)	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021	payment -	Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 - -	1-2 years 1.02	2-3 years 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221,59 231,39 Total
15	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A)	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 - - - 4.30	1.02 - - - 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221,59 231,39 Total
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivables Other Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B)	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.5(231.3) Total 231.3(
6	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 - 231.3 - 231.3 231.3
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 - 231.39 231.39
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 - 231.35 - 231.35 43.7, 0,4
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 - 231.3 - 43.7 0.4 44.1
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 - 231.39 - 231.39 43.7: 0.44 44.11 72.34
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.50 231.30 Total 231.30 - 231.39 231.39 43.70 0.44 44.17 72.34 0.01
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 231.3 - 231.39 231.39 43.7 0.44 44.1 72.3 0.0
	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	payment More than 3 years 15.19	221.54 231.35 Total 231.36 - 231.39 231.39 43.72 0.44 44.17 72.34 0.01 72.35
6	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts In EEFC Account	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	15.19 15.19	221.54 231.35 Total 231.36 - 231.39 231.39 43.72 0.44 44.17 72.34 0.01 72.35
6	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts In EEFC Account	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	15.19 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 - 231.3 - 231.35 43.7 0.4 44.1 72.3 0.0 72.3
6	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts In EEFC Account	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	15.19 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 - 231.3 - 231.3 43.7 0.4 44.1 72.3 0.0 72.3
5	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts In EEFC Account Other current assets (Unsecured, considered good)	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	15.19 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 231.3 - 231.3 43.7 0.4 44.1 72.3 0.0 72.3 116.5
6	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts In EEFC Account Other current assets (Unsecured, considered good) Advance Against Travelling / Others Prepaid expenses & Other receivable Other Receivables	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	15.19 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 - 231.3 - 231.3 43.7 0.4 44.1 72.3 0.0 72.3 116.5 6.6 1.96
6	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts In EEFC Account Other current assets (Unsecured, considered good) Advance Against Travelling / Others Prepaid expenses & Other receivable Other Receivables Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	15.19 15.19	221.59 231.39 Total 231.39 - 231.39 231.39 43.71 0.44 44.17 72.34 0.01 72.35 6.64 1.96 0.25 0.25
6	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts In EEFC Account Other current assets (Unsecured, considered good) Advance Against Travelling / Others Prepaid expenses & Other receivable Other Receivables Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits Refund Receivable from Service tax	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	15.19 15.19	221.56 231.39 Total 231.39 - 231.39 43.73 0.44 44.17 72.34 0.01 72.35 116.52
6	(Unsecured, considered good) Related Party Receivables Other Receivable Ageing of Trade Receivables: PARTICULARS (i) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful (iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful TOTAL BILLED AND DUE (A) UNBILLED DUES (B) TOTAL TRADE RECEIVABLES (A + B) Cash and Bank Balances Balances with banks With Current Accounts Cash On Hand Other bank balances In Term Deposits Accounts In EEFC Account Other current assets (Unsecured, considered good) Advance Against Travelling / Others Prepaid expenses & Other receivable Other Receivables Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits	31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021 31/03/2021		Less than 6 months 209.59	6 months - 1 year 4.30 4.30 - 4.30	1-2 years 1.02 1.02	2-3 years 1.31 1.31	15.19 15.19	221.5 231.3 Total 231.3 231.3 - 231.39 231.39 231.39 116.5; 6.66 1.96 0.22 0.25





Notes to financial statements (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

Sr.	Particular	(Rs. in million,	except otherwise stated)
no.			As a 31 March 2021
18	Revenue From Operations		
	(i) Sale of Products		
	Domestic Sales		294.72
	Export Sales		1,003.67
	Local Sales		134.81
			1,433.19
	(ii) Sale of Services		27.52
	(1,7,5,10,5,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,		26.52
	(iii) Other Operating Revenue		35.76
	Revenue from operations (Net)		1,495.48
	Details of Services Rendered :		
	Repairs & Maintanances Services (Domestics)		6.15
	Repairs & Maintanances Services (Exports)		20,37
		Total Rs.	26.52
	Operating Income:		
	Export Incentives		
	Foreign Exchange Fluctuation		26.22
	Other Operating Income		5,99
	Since opening meetic	77 - 170	3,55
		Total Rs.	35,76
9	Other Income		
	Interest Income on Bank deposits (Net)		
	Gain on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation		3.62
	Miscellaneous Income		(6.81
		T-t-LD-	5,33
		Total Rs.	2.14
20	Cost of Raw Material and Components Consumed		
	Inventory at the Beginning of the Year		194.52
	Add : Purchases		740,79
	AND AND THE SECOND CONTRACTOR AND THE SECOND		935.31
	Less: Inventory At the End of the Year		203.81
		Total Rs.	731.50
21	(Increase) / Decrease In Inventories		
347.0	Inventories At The End of The Year		
	Work-In-Progress		112.04
	Finished Goods		143,85
		Total Rs.	187.16 331.01
	Inventories At The Beginning of The Year		
	Work-In-Progress		140.13
	Finished Goods		142.83
		Total Rs.	282,96
	(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories -	Total Rs.	740.05
	(metense)/ Decrease in inventories -	rom Rs,	(48.05)
	Details of Inventory		
	Finished Goods		
	Machines		187.16
	Work-in-progress		
	Machines		. 141.17
	Attachments		2.68
		Total Rs.	331.01
2	Employee Benefit Expense		
	Salaries, Wages, Bonus, Ex-Gratia & Stipend		250.41
	Contribution to Provident and Other Fund		29,34
	Employees Welfare Expense		15.34
	Perquistites & Benefit to Employees		7.63
	Post Employment Medical Benefits		4.39
	LTA / Leave Encashment Expenses		4.41
	8	Total Rs.	311.53
	300 2		





MAMATA MACHINERY PRIVATE LIN

Notes to financial statements (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

Sr. Particular		
no.		As a 31 March 202
23 Other Expenses		
Manufacturing Expenses :		
Pattern, Dies & Tools		
Processing Charges		2.27
Power, Fuel & Water Charges		69.68
Cartage and Transportations		5.98
Other Manufacturing Expenses		14.50
Repairs and Maintenance :		13.00
Plant and machinery		
Buildings		0.17
Others		0.25
Officis		0.35
	Total Rs (a)	106.19
Administrative Expenses :		
Conveyance & Vehicle Expenses		1.45
Communication Expenses		4.15
Computer Repairing & Spares		0.93
Office & General Expenses		14.28
Directors Travelling Expenses		2.20
Legal And Professional Fees		12.94
Auditor's remuneration		1.29
Rates, Taxes & Fees		0.94
Bad Debts		13.21
Office Rent		7.27
Printing And Stationery		0.49
Miscellaneous Expenses		3.35
CSR Expenses		
	Total Do (b)	1.00
	Total Rs (b)	63.51
Selling & Marketing Expenses :		
Advertising And Sales Promotion		2.77
Carriage Outward & Others Charges		3.77
Sales Commission		24.79
Service Charges		37.18
Travelling Expenses		0.56
Marketing Expenses		27.00
Marketing Expenses		11.54
	Total Rs (c)	104.84
	Total Rs (a+b+c)	274.55
24 Depreciation And Amortization Expense		
Depreciation of Tangible Assets		29.92
Amortization of Intangible Assets		
	Total Rs.	0.18
	Total AS,	30.10
55 FL 6		
25 Finance Costs Interest		
		10.22
Bank Charges		3.41
**	Total Rs.	13,63
26 Earning per equity share (EPS)		
Net profit/(loss) for the year		133,772,115.89
Weighted average number of equity shares		297,206
Earnings per share of INR 100/- ; basic and		450.10
diluted (Rs.)		

Note: Remuneration to Auditors	(excluding Goods &	Services Tax	IGSTI
Dantiaulann			

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021
Auditor Remuneration comprises of	
Audit fees	0.54
Tax Audit Fees	0.45
Other Services	0.25
Reimbursement of out of pocket expenses	0.05
Total	1.29





Notes to financial statements (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

(Rs. in million, except otherwise stated)

Contingent Liabilities & commitments

Claim against company not acknowledged as debt Tax matters in dispute under appeal

Bank gurantees for performance, Earnest Money & Security Deposits

Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Accounts and not provided for

28 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE:

(I) Related parties and their relationship

a) Subsidiary/ Associate/ Joint Venture	
Name of the entity	Relation
Mamata Machinery Private Limited	Holding company
Mamata Enterprise INC	Subsidiary company
(b) Key Management Personnel & Relatives	· ·
(i) Name of the Management Personnel	Relation
Mr. Mahendra N. Patel	Chairman and Managing Director
Mr. Chandrakant B. Patel	Joint Managing Director
Mrs. Nayana M. Patel	Director
Mr. Dharmisth Patel	President
Mr. Varun C. Patel	Vice-President
(ii) Name of Relative	Relation
Ms. Tarana M. Patel	Daughter of President's Brother
Ms. Sharvil Patel	Wife of Vice-president
(c) Entities controlled by Director/ Relatives of Directors :	
Name of the entities	Relation
Maruti Enterprise LLC	President's relative is partner
Mrs. Pankti B. Patel	Relative of KMP
Maruti Enterprise LLC	KMP's relative is partner
Maruti Industries	KMP's relative is partner
Data Innovation LLP	KMP is Partner
Niray Industries	KMP's relative is partner
Mamata Airwings	KMP is Partner
Shree Maruti Travels	KMP's relative is partner
Maruti Engitech LLP	KMP's relative is partner
Shree Laxmi Offset	KMP's relative is partner
Mentorcap Management Private Ltd	KMP is interested
LearnEd	KMP is interested
Indian Centre for Societal Impacts Research	KMP is interested
Alok Enterprise	KMP's relative is partner





Notes to financial statements (Consolidated) for FY 2020-21

31 Additional regulatory information

A) The Group do not hold any benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company and its Indian subsidiaries for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

B) The Group do not have any transactions with struck-off companies under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956.

C) The Group does not have any charge which is yet to be registered/satisfied with ROC beyond the statutory period

D) The Group have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (Ultimate Beneficiaries)

Or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

E) The Group have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party(Ultimate Beneficiaries)

Or

(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

F) The Group has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

G) The Group have not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current or previous year.

H) The Group has not been declared as a 'Wilful Defaulter' by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

1) The Group has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

32 Ratio

i) Current ratio = Current asset divided by current Liabilities

(Rs. in million, except otherwise stated)

Particulars		As at 31 March 2021
Current Asset		988,53
Current Liabilities	· ·	798.83
Currentiano		1.24

ii) Debt-Equity ratio = Total Debts divided by shareholder's equity

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021
Total Debts	
Shareholder's Equity	128.13
Debt-Equity ratio	520.89

iii) Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) = Earnings available for debt services divided by total interest and principal reprograms

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021
a) Earnings available for debt services	
Profit for the year	122.00
Add:- Interest expenses	133.77
Add:- Depreciation and amortisation expenses	13,63
Earnings available for debt services	30.10
Earnings available for debt services	177.50
b) Total interest and principal repayments	
Finance Cost	
Principal repayment	13,63
Total interest and principal repayments	(2.53)
Total interest and principal repayments	11.1
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR)	16.00

iv) Return on equity = Profit after tax divided by shareholders fund

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021
Profit for the year	133,77
Average shareholders equity	442.70
Return on equity	
	30.22%





v) Inventory Turnover Ratio = Cost of goods sold divided by Average Inventory	
Particulars	As at 31 March 202
Cost of goods sold or sales	683.45
Average Inventory	508.23
Inventory Turnover Ratio	1,34
vi) Trade receivable turnover ratio = Revenue from operations divided by average trac	la varainables
Particulars	As at 31 March 202
Revenue from operations	1,495.48
Average trade receivable	248.36
Trade receivable turnover ratio	6.0
vii) Trade payable turnover ratio = Operating expenses divided by average trade payal	
Particulars	As at 31 March 202
Credit Purchases	As at 51 March 202
Net Credit Purchases	740.70
Average trade payable	740.79 392.81
Trade payable turnover ratio	The state of the s
	1,89
viii) Net capital turnover = Revenue from operations divided by average working capit. Particulars	
Tarticipals	As at 31 March 202
a) Revenue from operations	
b) Net working capital	1,495.48
Current asset	
Current Liabilities	988.53
Net working capital	798.83
Average working capital	189.71
Net capital turnover ratio	133.53
	11.20
ix) Net profit ratio = Net profit after tax divided by revenue from operations Particulars	
a) Profit after tax	As at 31 March 202
b) Revenue from operations	133.77
Net profit ratio	1,495,48
x) Return on capital employed = Earnings before interest and tax divided by capital em	0.09
Particulars	ployed As at 31 March 202
AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY	AS ACST MAICH 2021
(a) Earnings before interest and tax	
Profit after tax (A)	133,77
Finance cost (B)	13.63
Tax Expense (C)	55,81
Earnings before interest and tax (A+B+C)	203.21
b) Capital employed	
Fotal Equity	
Fotal Borrowings	520,89
Deferred tax liability	128.13
ess : Intangible Assets	
Capital employed	-0.26
Average Capital employed	648.77
Return on capital employed	587.53
	0,35

33 Previous years' figures have been regrouped whenever necessary to confirm to current years' classification.

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ACCOUNTANTS

The Accompanying Notes Are An Integral Part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date For Dinesh R. Shah & Co. Firm Registration Number: 102610W

Chartered Accountants

xi) Return on Investment

Proprietor : Hiren D Shah Chartered Accountants

Chartered Accountants
Membership No: 047928

ODIN: 240047438

Place: A hymography
Date: 13103124

For and on behalf of board of directors of Mamata Machinery Private Limited

Mahendra N. Patel Managing Director DIN: 00104997

Place:

Date:

Chandrakant B. Patel Jt. Managing Director DIN: 00380810

NA

chinery

Ahmedabad

Place: Date:

1. Corporate Information:

Mamata Machinery Private Limited (Mamata or the "Parent Company") is a private Company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The Registered office of the Company is located at survey No. 423/P, Sarkhej-Bavla Road, N.H.8A, Moraiya, Sanand, Ahmedabad, Gujarat-382213, India.

The Parent Company and its Subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "Company" or the "Group") are engaged in the business of (i) Bag Packing Machinery (ii) Packing Machinery (iii) Plastic Extrusion Machinery, (iv) Part of Machinery.

2. Significant Accounting Policies: -

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements ("Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements") are prepared in accordance with Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) under the historical cost convention on accrual basis. GAAP comprises mandatory Accounting Standards as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Act (to the extent notified). Accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Group. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees ("INR") and all values are rounded to the nearest Million (Rs. 000,000) upto one decimal, except when otherwise indicated. Due to rounding off, the numbers presented throughout the document may not add up precisely to the totals and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures. Previous year figures have been regrouped / re-casted / re-arranged, wherever necessary.

2.2 Basis of Preparation of Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements

The Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared under historical cost convention on accrual basis, unless otherwise stated. These Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company are presented as per Schedule III (Division II) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current and noncurrent classification.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the balance sheet date; or
- (d) it is cash or a cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date. Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

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(a) it is expected to be settled in, the Company's normal operating cycle;



- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the balance sheet date; or
- (d) the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Current liabilities include current portion of noncurrent financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating cycle

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.3 Basis of Consolidation

(i) The Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the Financial Statements of the Parent Company and its Subsidiaries forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements are as under:

Name Type	Туре	Type Country of	31 March 2021	
		incorporation	Proportion of ownership	
Mamata Enterprises, Inc	Subsidiary	24 th April,2003	100%	

e consolidation of Accounts is done in accordance with the requirements of Accounting Standard - 21 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and Accounting Standard - 23 "Accounting for Investments in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements" to comply with Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

- (iii) Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to these Consolidated Financial Statements are intended to serve as a means of information, disclosure and a guide to better understand the consolidated position of the Companies. Recognizing this purpose, the Company has disclosed only such policies and notes from the Standalone Financial Statements, which fairly present the needed disclosures. Lack of homogeneity and other similar considerations made it desirable to exclude some of them, which, in the opinion of the management, could be better viewed when referred from the Standalone Financial Statements.
- (iv) In respect of the Subsidiary Companies, the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group has been prepared by consolidating on a line by line basis, by adding together the book values of like items of Assets, Liabilities, Income and Expenses, after fully eliminating all inter-company balances and transactions as per the Accounting Standard 21 "Consolidated Financial Statements".

- (v) In respect of the Associate Company, the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group have been consolidated as per the Accounting Standard 23 "Accounting for Investments in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements" by applying the "Equity Method" of accounting.
- (vi) The excess/deficit value of investment by the Holding Company in the Subsidiary Companies over the face value of equity of the Subsidiary Companies and the share of reserves as on the date of acquisition is reflected as Goodwill/Capital Reserve on consolidation (adjusted for the effect of sale of investments) under Fixed Assets. Goodwill on consolidation is not amortised.
- (vii) Minority interest represents that part of the net results of operations and of the net assets of a subsidiary attributable to interests which are not owned, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, by the parent.

2.4 Use of Estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with the GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosure relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Examples of such estimates include future obligations under employee retirement benefit plans, income taxes, provision for doubtful debts and the useful lives of fixed tangible assets and intangible assets.

Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimated. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Difference between the actual result and the estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialise.

The Company has consistently applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements.

a) Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods. To recognize revenues, the Company applies the following five step approach:

- identify the contract with a customer,
- identify the performance obligations in the contract,
- determine the transaction price,
- allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and
- recognise revenues when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Sale of goods

The Company manufactures and sells packing machines. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer.

The timing of transfers of control varies depending on the terms of sale. For sale of goods to domestic customers, such transfer occurs when the products are delivered to dealers and for export sales when delivered to a carrier at the port of the seller.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for trade discount, cash discount, rebates, scheme allowances, incentives and returns, if any, as specified in the contracts with the customers. Revenue excludes taxes collected from customers on behalf of the government. Accruals for discounts/incentives and returns are estimated (using the most likely method) based on accumulated experience and underlying schemes and agreements with customers.

The Company gives warranties on certain products undertaking to repair or replace the item that failed to perform satisfactorily during the warranty period. Provision for warranties is made for probable future claims on sales effected and are estimated based on previous claim experience and are accounted for under AS 29 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

Sale of services

Revenue from sale of services is recognized when the activity is performed as per service contract. In arrangements for sale of goods, the Company provides after-sales service to the end customers which entitles them to avail free of cost maintenance services for a specified period and after that a paid service. When two or more revenue-generating activities or deliverables are provided under a single arrangement, each deliverable that is considered to be a separate unit of account is accounted for separately.

Other operating revenue -

i) Export incentive entitlements are recognised as income when the right to receive credit as per the terms of the scheme is established in respect of the exports made, and where there is no significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate collection of the relevant export proceeds. These are presented as other operating income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii) Dividend and interest income:

Dividend income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

b) Tax Expense:

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act of 1961. Deferred income taxes reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the Consolidated Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the taxes on income levied by same governing taxation laws. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In situations where the Group has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realised against future taxable profits.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of tax credit against future income tax liability, is recognised as an asset in Consolidated Balance Sheet if there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal tax after tax holiday period and the resultant asset can be measured reliably.

c) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker of the Company is responsible for allocating resources and assessing the performance of the operating segments.

d) Employee benefit expense:

Provident fund

Employees receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined benefit plan. The employer and employees each make periodic contributions to the plan. A portion of the contribution is made to the approved provident fund trust managed by the Company while the remainder of the contribution is made to the government administered pension fund. The contributions to the trust managed by the Company is accounted for as a defined benefit plan as the Company is liable for any shortfall in the fund assets based on the government specified minimum rates of return.

Gratuity

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, applicable for Indian companies, the Company provides for a lump sum payment to eligible employees, at retirement or termination of employment based on the last drawn salary and years of employment with the Company. The gratuity fund is managed by the third-party fund managers.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are expensed when the Company can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits.

Short-term benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are recorded as expense as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans, if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

e) Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

i) Recognition and measurement - Property, Plant and equipment are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation, and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The historical cost comprises of the purchase price, taxes, duties, freight, and other incidental expenses directly attributable and related to the acquisition and installation of the concerned assets wherever applicable.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

ii) Depreciation and amortization method, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost less its estimated residual value. Depreciation on tangible assets is calculated on a straight-line basis as per the useful lives decided by the management. Depreciation on additions is charged proportionately

from the date the asset is ready for its intended use. Depreciation on sale / deduction from tangible assets is provided up to the date of sale / deduction or discarding date as the case maybe.

The useful lives of assets and residual value if any, would be reviewed by the management at each financial year and revised, if appropriate. In case of a revision the unamortized depreciable amount is charged over the revised remaining useful life of the asset.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

Block of Asset	Estimated life (Years)		
Land	* A		
Buildings	10-30		
Plant & Machinery	5-10		
Furniture and Fixture	7-39		
Vehicles	5-8		
Computer	3		
Office Equipment	5		
Computer Software	10		

Based on technical evaluation and consequent advice, the management believes that its estimates of useful lives as given above best represent the period over which management expects to use these assets.

iii) De-Recognition:

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

f) Impairment of non-financial assets:

At each balance sheet date, the carrying amount of fixed assets is reviewed by the management to determine whether there is any indication that those assets suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (the recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price or value in use). In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected from the continuing use of the assets and from their disposal are discounted to their present value using a pre-discounted rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

Reversal of impairment loss is recognized immediately as income in the Profit and Loss Account.

g) Other Intangible assets

Other Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company and that have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditures are capitalised only when they increase the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which they relate.

h) Foreign currency transaction

Foreign currency transactions are recorded using the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the respective transactions or that approximates the actual rate at the date of transaction. Exchange differences arising on foreign currency transactions, settled during the year, are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. The premium or discount on foreign exchange forward contracts is amortised as income or expense over the life of the contract.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the Consolidated Balance Sheet date are reported using the foreign exchange rates as at the Consolidated Balance Sheet date. The resultant exchange differences are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are carried at the rates prevailing on the date of transaction.

Foreign operations

For the purposes of presenting these Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements, the assets and liabilities of Group's foreign operations, are translated to the Indian Rupees at exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. The income and expenses of such foreign operations are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Resulting foreign currency differences are recognised in reserve & surplus and presented within equity as part of Foreign Currency Translation Reserve (and attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate). When a foreign operation is disposed off, the relevant amount in the Foreign Currency Translation Reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

i) Inventories:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes purchase price, duties, transport & handling costs and other costs directly attributable to the acquisition and bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The basis of determination of cost remains as follows:

- a) Raw material, packing material: At cost
- b) Work in progress: Cost of input plus overhead up to the stage of completion.
- c) Finished goods: Cost of input plus appropriate overhead

j) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at bank, cash on hand, other short-term deposits with original maturities of three months or less which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

k) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is possible that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and reliable estimation can be made of the amount required to settle the obligation.

Contingent liabilities arising from claims, litigations, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are disclosed when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation as a result of past event where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reasonably estimated. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Loss on contingencies arising from claims, litigations, assessment, fines, penalties, etc. are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred, and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized."

I) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period adjusted for treasury shares held. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted-average number of equity and dilutive equivalent shares outstanding during the period, using the treasury stock method for options, except where the results would be anti-dilutive. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any splits and bonus shares issues including for change

effected prior to the approval of the Special Purpose Consolidated Financial Statements by the Board of Directors.

m) Leases

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

n) Cash flow statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

o) Government grants:

The Company recognises government grants only when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with, and the grants will be received. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed. When the grant relates to an asset, the Company deducts such grant amount from the carrying amount of the asset.

p) Exceptional items:

Exceptional items refer to items of income or expense, including tax items, within the statement of profit and loss from ordinary activities which are non-recurring and are of such size, nature or incidence that their separate disclosure is considered necessary to explain the performance of the Company.

q) Other Accounting Policies

Other Accounting Policies are consistent with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) in India.



